

AT THE NATIONAL EDUCATIONAL CONVENTION AT ASBURY PARK.

INDIAN TERRITORY DELEGATES, WITH FIFTEEN
INDIAN GIRLS.

GROUP OF LEADING EDUCATORS.

From left to right: Dr. L. D. Selden, Dr. Shepard, President Maxwell, Dr. A. G. Lane, Dr. Green. In rear: Dr. Charles D. McVey, Dr. Crabtree.
(For story of the day's proceedings at the Convention see Page 3.)CARLISLE INDIAN BAND, CAPTAIN C. F. STAUFFER, UNITED
STATES INDIAN BUREAU, DIRECTOR.

(Photographs by R. F. McManus.)

CRIMINAL ACTION LIKELY.
JEROME TO PROCEED.

Certain Equitable Officers and Directors May Face Conspiracy Charge

When District Attorney Jerome returns to this city next week from his Western trip he will take up at once an investigation of the Equitable Life Assurance Society. From information he has obtained already, it was learned yesterday, the District Attorney has decided that he will begin criminal proceedings for conspiracy to defraud the Equitable against certain officers and directors of the Equitable. These proceedings will be based, it was said, on the syndicate underwritings, and taken before the grand jury.

District Attorney Jerome has not seen yet the testimony taken by Superintendent Hendricks of the State Insurance Department in his investigation. He has read the report of Superintendent Hendricks, however, and from that and the Frick report he mapped out his course of action. Then he started on a still hunt for accurate information as to the conditions viewed from the inside. He has had interviews with some of the lawyers for the various factions in the Equitable fight. Although Gage E. Tarbell denied strongly yesterday that he had been with Mr. Jerome, others usually well informed on all the developments said that the District Attorney and Mr. Tarbell had been in conference and that the second vice-president had given information which would aid the District Attorney greatly in his work.

The District Attorney's reasoning as to the underwritings syndicates entered into a conspiracy to defraud the Equitable when they prevented the society from making the profits which they made from these syndicates, according to what was learned yesterday. In addition to that line, he will have another set of arguments tending to prove grand larceny, it was predicted.

The knowledge that District Attorney Jerome would be so active in Equitable investigation stirred up all the factions. Almost everybody concerned in the original Equitable troubles will be involved in this new development. If Mr. Jerome is able to carry out his plans, and the prospect appears not to please them. Conferences were held by several of the lawyers, including those who have not appeared actively as representing anybody, but have been working under cover.

JUDGE REFERS TO INVESTIGATION.

That the District Attorney's action may be expected soon was indicated yesterday when the July grand jury was sworn in. Judge Foster, in addressing them, referred to an important investigation which the District Attorney had under way, in which he might require their help at any time. The judge earnestly asked that the jurymen consider that case thoughtfully. It might be necessary for them to sit long after ordinary hours, he said, possibly to continue in session after July.

Samuel Untermyer, of Mr. Hyde's counsel, was the only man who would discuss the present situation. Mr. Untermyer said that he knew nothing of any criminal action, and that he had found nothing in the testimony before Superintendent Hendricks or the reports of the investigations to constitute a possible basis for such action. The possibility of criminal proceedings has been discussed between District Attorney Jerome and Mr. Untermyer, however. Mr. Untermyer evidently does not consider the situation pressing, for he intends to sail for Europe on July 10, and it is possible also that Mr. Hyde will not forego his usual summer trip to France.

The executive committee of the Equitable met yesterday and adjourned without transacting any business. Paul Morton, chairman of the board, was at Cleveland at Secretary Hay's funeral. James Hazen Hyde did not attend the meeting.

The grand jury for July was sworn in by Judge Foster, in Part I of General Sessions. The judge was able to secure only eighteen jurors, the smallest number serving on a grand jury in this county for many years. Before the selection of the jurors began, Judge Foster addressed them as follows:

I understand that the District Attorney is investigating a matter of great importance and may need your assistance. I have given him my assurance that you will assist him. In order to meet any important matter that may arise in that contingency your time may be extended. You may be required to serve after 1 o'clock some days. The ordinary hours of the sessions of the July grand jury will probably be extended at any rate. I can give you no other definite notice at this time. It is likely that there will be a lot of work for the July grand jury. You may even be required to serve beyond the month of July.

It was taken for granted that the investigation of the Equitable was meant by Judge Foster.

GRAND JURY TALESMAN OBTAINED.

The following talemans were obtained to form the July grand jury:

Russell D. Hyde, woolens, No. 116 West 20th-st.; William Baylis, broker, No. 712 5th-ave.; Julius Frank, architect, No. 132 West 123d-st.; and No. 295 5th-ave.; William C. Smith, builder, No. 71 Perry-st.; and No. 35 Watts-st.; Samuel Brill, men's furnishings, No. 105 Central Park.

Continued on second page.

20TH CENTURY—18 HOURS—CHICAGO.

The 20th Century Limited of the New-York Central line leaves New-York daily at 12:30 P. M., due Chicago 8:30 next morning. Returning, leave Chicago via Lake Shore 2:30 P. M., due New-York 9:30 next morning. To secure best accommodations, reservations should be made early.—Adv.

TORNADO KILLS MANY.

Dead and Injured May Number Sixty at Nocona, Tex.

Dallas, Tex., July 5.—A special to "The News" from Nocona, Tex., says that a tornado and thunder storm passed a few miles west and south of there this afternoon, killing fourteen persons and injuring many others and destroying a number of houses.

Many farmhouses were swept entirely away. The schoolhouse, three miles west of here, was damaged. The Baptist and Methodist churches at Belcher were considerably damaged. The Methodist Church at Montague is reported wrecked and the courthouse damaged, as well as other churches. The Bixie schoolhouse, six miles south of here, was entirely blown away. Hallstones as large as hen eggs fell here, breaking many windows. Reports of the work of the tornado are still coming in. The number of killed and injured will probably reach sixty.

Montague, Tex., July 5.—Ten people are dead as a result of a tornado that passed over Montague this afternoon. J. F. Clark's drug store, D. Y. Lunn's grocery store and offices, an old bank building occupied by G. L. Alcorn, real estate agent; the store of Rowe Hardware Company and fifteen dwellings were demolished. The tornado lasted perhaps thirty minutes. Hundreds of head of stock in this region were killed outright by the wind. The number of injured is unknown.

BABY BLOWN INTO LAKE.

Grandson of Adolph G. Hupfel Drowns at Newburg.

Newburg, N. Y., July 5.—The infant grandson of Adolph G. Hupfel, the New-York brewer, was blown by the wind into Mr. Hupfel's private lake to-day and drowned. The nurse left the child, strapped in his carriage, by the side of the lake. When she returned both child and carriage were at the bottom.

CITY ACCOUNT MUDDLE.

No Entry on Books of Bonds Worth More Than a Million.

Worcester, Mass., July 5.—It leaked out here to-day that on the books of the City Treasurer there had been no entry made for \$1,300,000 of certificates of indebtedness, commonly referred to as bonds, which the city redeemed since last January.

The bulk of the redemption was made on April 1, and Austin A. Heath, now City Auditor, was the clerk who should have made the entry on the City Treasurer's books.

When asked about the affair to-night, he would only say that there had been no stealing or misappropriation and that everything would come out all right. The duplicate in the auditor's office is said to be correct, but in the city treasurer's books there is a big muddle, and Treasurer White will have nothing to say. It is three months since the redemption was made, and no account of the fact has yet been made.

There is yet another item which shows how the accounts of these certificates of indebtedness have been kept. When the April redemption was made a holder of certificates to the amount of \$4,000 did not present the documents. They are not presented yet. But on the auditor's accounts these certificates are marked off as redeemed. The \$4,000 which they represent is tucked away in an envelope within the treasurer's office. In other words, the city of Worcester is credited with paying \$4,000 which it has not paid.

NEGRO DESPERADOES CAPTURED.

Race Rioters, Surrounded in Delaware Swamp, Taken by Posses.

Wilmington, Del., July 5.—Word was received here to-night of the capture in a swamp near Middletown, Del., of Howard Honey and Philip Shepherd, the negro desperadoes and race rioters, who shot and seriously injured Magistrate Amos Johns and Constable Wallace near Kenton, Del., on last Saturday night.

The negroes have been at large since then, although a posse has been in hot pursuit. This afternoon they were surrounded in a swamp, and, after much trouble, were captured.

The desperadoes first attacked a farmer, Frank Atty, and beat him over the head with a club until he was seriously wounded. The magistrate and constable were after them for this offence, when they opened fire. Robert Pryor, another negro, who gave them a shotgun, is in the Dover jail.

LOST PENKNIFE; FOUND OLD FRIEND.

Companions in Boyhood Strangely Brought Together in St. Louis Hotel.

St. Louis, July 5.—The reunion of Aaron Miller, of New-York, and A. C. Dingledsted, a Cincinnati broker, who were boyhood chums, after many years' separation, was the result of losing a penknife, a key and 15 cents. Dingledsted reported his loss to the clerk of the Planters' Hotel, where he and Miller are guests. Miller, finding the articles, surrendered to the clerk the penknife and key, but jokingly kept the 15 cents for a drink. Dingledsted sent a card to Miller inviting him to have another. Then they found that they were old friends.

THE SECOND EMPIRE.

A new fast train on the New-York Central leaves Grand Central Station 1:30 P. M., arrives Albany 1:55 P. M., Utica, 6:45, Syracuse, 8:30, Rochester, 9:30, Buffalo, 11:30 P. M. No excess fare.—Adv.

INTERESTING NEWS ON OTHER PAGES.

The body of John Hay was laid to rest in Cleveland. Page 3.
American cars behind in automobile race for the Bennett Cup. Page 14.
Signs were discovered on a fence surrounding city property in Charles F. Murphy's own district. Page 8.
General Hains and Commissioner Harrod visit the isthmus to obtain data for canal work. Page 3.
District Attorney Jerome after the Theatrical Trust. Page 2.
East Siders besiege landlord in rent war. Page 4.
Citizens Union on the record of the legislators. Page 8.
Opening of Christian Endeavor Convention at Baltimore. Page 8.

HOLE IN HEART: LIVES.

BULLET LODGES IN LUNG.

Man's Condition Improves Despite Punctured Organs.

A man in Livingston, Staten Island, is alive with a bullet in his lung which passed through his heart. Unable to trace the course of the bullet by a probe, or to credit the indications, Drs. Brady and Rossford, of St. Vincent's Hospital, Borough of Richmond, put on the X-rays yesterday and were so startled that they repeated the examination. That there might be no question as to what they found, they called in several physicians. All agreed that the bullet had passed through the heart and was in the lung.

The patient who thus lives with a punctured heart and lung is Harry Nowok, of No. 178 Chrystie-st., this borough. He started out for a celebration on Tuesday, but while crossing the bay on the ferryboat Castleton he was hit in the left breast by a bullet from a revolver which Max Dascher, of No. 538 West 133d-st., was showing to a friend.

It seemed as though Nowok would not live until the Staten Island shore was reached. By that time, however, he appeared stronger, having rallied from the first shock. The fact that he was alive with a bullet hole indicating that the bullet entered his heart caused the doctors to think the wound superficial, and he was allowed to rest until yesterday afternoon before a serious attempt was made to find the bullet.

The probe found no resistance, and then the doctors used the X-Rays. Those who were called in say it is the most remarkable case they ever heard of.

Last night the patient seemed better and stronger than at any time since being admitted to the hospital. There was no indication that a change for the worse was likely to come. The doctors have taken steps to prevent Nowok from moving or being excited.

SIX KILLED AT MILAN.

Many Injured—Storm Badly Damages Cathedral.

Milan, July 5.—Serious damage was caused here to-day by a storm which resulted in the killing of one person and the injuring of thirty. Dozens of trees were uprooted, telegraph wires were broken and the railroad service was greatly interrupted. The statue of St. Hippolyte on the cathedral was thrown from its niche. The walls of the cathedral were threatened and the crypt was flooded.

Great damage was caused in the suburbs, especially at Musocco, where five persons were killed and many injured, seven fatally.

HEAVY HAILSTORMS IN FRANCE.

Two Men Killed at Angers—Many Injured—Great Damage to Crops.

Paris, July 5.—Thunderstorms, accompanied by gales and hailstorms of unusual violence, visited Northern and Central France to-day. Two men were killed at Angers, where great damage was done to the crops. Near Orleans eighty houses were razed and many persons were injured. In the environs of Lyons and Chambéry the crops were ruined.

DON'T WANT NEGRO POSTAL CLERK.

Mississippians Use Moral Suasion to Induce Appointee to Resign.

Memphis, July 5.—Information received here this afternoon and later verified states that W. C. Carter, the negro postal clerk recently appointed from Pine Bluff, Ark., as assistant to the white postmistress at Greenwood, Miss., was met on his arrival at the latter place by a committee of the leading citizens of Greenwood, who earnestly advised him not to attempt to assume his duties. Acting upon the committee's advice, Carter resigned his position without protest.

It is emphatically stated that no violence was offered Carter, but that he was thoroughly convinced that the white people of Greenwood would not allow him to serve in the postoffice.

The citizens made up a purse sufficient to defray all of Carter's expenses, and supposedly he left Greenwood at once to return to Pine Bluff. Those who claim to know, however, say that he went direct to Washington to appeal to the President, and a repetition of the Indiana affair is feared.

For refusing to allow a colored postoffice clerk to serve there, Indiana was cut off from mail facilities for many months.

Greenwood is the home town of Governor Vardaman, of Mississippi, who was prominent in the Indiana affair.

POPULATION OF CHICAGO 2,272,706.

Chicago, July 5.—Chicago now has a population of 2,272,706, according to the computation of the publishers of the Chicago directory for 1905. This is an increase of 21,769 in the last year. The total number of names compiled is 688,670. The publishers have confidence in the figures, which they claim are correct.

THE PRESIDENT'S RETURN.

CONSULTS WITH CABINET.

Ex-Secretary Root and Vacancy—Overwork Cause of Mr. Hay's Death

Pittsburg, July 5.—Never since President Roosevelt assumed office at the head of the administration has he made so sad a trip across the country as the one just drawing to a close. Scarcely a cheer has broken the silence of the crowds that have thronged the stations to see the train with its distinguished passengers on their way to and from Secretary Hay's funeral. On the return trip this afternoon, as the train stopped at Alliance, Ohio, several hundred persons gathered at the rear of the train. The President saw the expectant throng and came out on the rear end of the car Magnet. He said:

I know that you do not expect me to make a speech on this occasion. I have just returned from Cleveland, where I attended the funeral of Secretary Hay. I will come back to Ohio some day and talk to you then. All I can say now is that I am very glad, indeed, to see you all, Goodby.

The President's train arrived here from Cleveland at 8:50 p. m., exactly on schedule time, and at 9 o'clock started for the East. At the station a considerable crowd had gathered to greet the President, but no formal reception was given him. After repeated calls for a speech the President came to the rear platform of his car and said:

My friends, I should not be expected to make a speech on this occasion, as I am returning from the funeral of Mr. Hay, who was a friend of all the people and for whom I had a deep affection. As I have expressed myself before, I am always glad to be in Pittsburg and am sorry that my time is so short. Good night.

Secretary Metcalf, of the Department of Commerce and Labor, bade the President goodby at Cleveland. He will return East by another route to Utica, N. Y., where Mrs. Metcalf is sojourning, and will then go with her to Montreal for a short visit before journeying to their California home for their summer vacation.

Senator Knox, former Attorney General, left the party at Sewickley, near Pittsburg. All the members of the Cabinet, except Attorney General Moody, will leave the party at West Philadelphia, as will also former Postmaster General Charles Enroy Smith.

Mr. Moody will go on to Jersey City with former Secretaries Morton and Root.

In the afternoon the President took up some important matters with the members of his Cabinet individually, but no announcement was made concerning them. The conference did not assume the formality of a meeting of the Cabinet, but the President and his advisers were able to dispose of some questions that have been pending.

In the course of the homeward trip the President and Mr. Root held a long consultation over affairs of mutual interest, and it is believed the former Secretary of War was led to understand that he might re-enter the Cabinet in the place made vacant by the death of Secretary Hay. Nothing of this matter was given out for publication by either, but it is believed that Mr. Root told the President that the same reasons which impelled him to quit the Cabinet a few months ago would prevent his acceptance of the offer.

"The President has not given us an inkling of his intentions in this matter," said one of the Cabinet members, "but I do not believe that Mr. Root will return to the Cabinet. He left the Cabinet to gain a competence in his profession, and until he accumulates sufficient money to make him independent I do not believe that he will care to re-enter public life."

Surgeon General Rixey, of the Navy, who accompanied the party to and from Cleveland, expressed the opinion that Secretary Hay's death was the direct result of overstrain and overwork. "He should have obeyed the orders of his German physician and taken a complete rest after coming back to this country," said Dr. Rixey, "but he returned to Washington and worried over the affairs of his department. He makes the fourth precious life that government work and worry have claimed. Hobart, Hanna and Payne were the others. They gave too much of their vitality to the government service and got too little exercise, fresh air and sunshine. There are others in danger from the same cause. I said to Postmaster General Corbin only yesterday, as I placed my tanned fist against his pale one: 'Until your hand is as brown as mine you are not safe.'"

President Roosevelt will reach Jersey City at 9 a. m., and Oyster Bay two hours later.

MR. SHONTS PAYS FINE.

Chauffeur Doubts That He Was Violating Speed Regulation.

Stamford, Conn., July 5.—T. P. Shonts, head of the Panama Canal Commission, who was held up here yesterday for breaking the automobile speed law, paid a \$30 fine for his chauffeur, Percy N. Shonts, to-day.

In court the latter said he had had four years' experience, and thought he knew how to guide an automobile. He did not believe he covered the measured eighth of a mile in 22 seconds, and said Mr. Shonts, who was a very careful man, had cautioned him continually, as I placed my tanned fist against his pale one: 'Until your hand is as brown as mine you are not safe.'"

DEWEY'S SAUTERNE & MOSSEL WINES

Are most satisfying in Summer Weather.
H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 125 Fulton St., New York.

LOWERS BRITISH FLAG.

Captain Protests Order of American Port Collector.

Rochester, N. Y., July 5.—A protest was filed to-day with the Canadian Minister of Marine by Captain Simmons, of the Canadian schooner Acacia, because the port collector, Duane Bump, compelled him to lower the British flag on his vessel in the harbor at Charlotte on July 4.

Collector Bump was informed that the Acacia had floated a large Union Jack on the morning of the Fourth and ordered Captain Simmons to haul it down, saying it was an insult to the national holiday. Simmons refused and threatened to shoot the collector if he boarded his vessel. Finally Simmons lowered the flag, when threatened with refusal of his clearance papers.

BALTIMORE IS FLOODED.

Cloudburst Swells Rivers and Streams—Great Property Damage.

Baltimore, July 5.—A cloudburst to-night in the neighborhood of Timonium was followed by a terrific rainstorm, which flooded Baltimore County all along the Northern Central Railroad, swelling the streams and destroying bridges in the Green Spring, Western Run and Gunpowder valleys. The streams are feeders for Jones Falls, which runs through Baltimore, and this overflowed its walls in Gay-st., the scene of the great flood of 1896.

At 11 o'clock the water was within a foot of the bridge, which is higher than the level of the streets. The falls overflowed, and in Harrison-st., at 11 o'clock, people were taken out in boats from their second story windows. The Gay-st. and York Road cars have been unable to run since 10 o'clock. Cars all through that district have been flooded, and the property loss is great. The swollen streams are all reported to be filled with debris. While it is evident that many buildings have been swept away, it is not known if any dwelling houses were damaged. The Northern Central bridge at Padonia, a station near Texas, is reported to have been torn up, stopping all traffic.

MRS. BOOTH MAROONED.

Boat Stuck on South Long Island Shore.

Fire Island, N. Y., July 5.—Mrs. Ballington Booth, with her son and daughter, is marooned, but comfortable, at a hotel a mile from the Blue Point life saving station to-night. She fears her husband will be greatly worried over her failure to return to Blue Point.

Mrs. Booth set out for a sail this afternoon and came across Great South Bay. The boat is caught behind a bar on this side of the bay and cannot be floated to-night. Mrs. Booth and the children had to walk two miles to the life saving station to make an effort to telegraph Mr. Booth, but found that telegraphic communication with Blue Point was cut off for the night.

Efforts to reach Mr. Booth by telephone to Quogue and back along the shore failed also. Mrs. Booth and her children then walked another mile to the hotel, where they put up for the night.

KANSAS FUNDS TIED UP.

State Auditor Orders That No Warrants Be Issued.

Topeka, Kan., July 5.—The issuance of warrants on the State Treasury stopped to-day by order of the Auditor of State, Seth Wells. This action is taken because all of the money in the general revenue fund is tied up in the Charles J. Devin bank, which failed Monday. The situation may not be relieved until the December taxes are received.

The State Treasurer, Thomas J. Kelly, has nearly \$1,000,000 of State money in the Kansas banks. The failure of the First National here with \$547,000 of the money on deposit would not cripple the State were it possible to ascertain whether the money is from the general revenue fund or from the funds of the various schools. This fact cannot be learned until the Treasurer's books are examined and the warrants deposited in the banks for collection are traced to their origin and the purpose for which they were drawn is shown. The Auditor, therefore, will allow no money to be paid out of the treasury until the necessary examination can be made.

MARRIED ON A DARE.

Freehold, N. J., July 5.—Charles E. Jamison, of Mount Mills, aged sixty, and Laura Clayton, seventeen years old, daughter of Taylor Clayton, of Union Hill, attended the celebration of the Fourth of July there, and friends dared them to marry. The Rev. James Hewitt was summoned hastily, so as to perform the ceremony on the holiday. The bridegroom was a widower and has married children. He had been courting a widow, and the gossips said he would marry her in the fall.

BURGLARY, THEFT AND LARCENY.

Before closing your home for the summer secure a policy in THE FIDELITY AND CASUALTY COMPANY. Policies cover losses due to burglars and sneak thieves and guarantee the honesty of servants. For rates and particulars, apply to any broker or to 66 Pine Street, New-York City.—Adv.

MUTINEERS DECLARE WAR

FLAG OF REVOLT RAISED.

The Kriaz Potemkine at Theodosia—Supplies Obtained.

The standard of rebellion was raised on the Kriaz Potemkine at Theodosia, where the battleship arrived yesterday and demanded supplies under a threat to bombard the city. A proclamation was issued by the mutineers informing the Russian government that the decisive struggle for liberty had begun.

The destroyer Stremelnly anchored off the palace of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria at Varna and requested supplies. These were granted. The dispatch does not say that the destroyer is in the hands of mutineers.

The national agitation continues. There was rioting in the capital, ironworkers attacking the police and Cossacks. The government has prohibited a meeting of zemstvo leaders and representatives from all Russia, who had been summoned to a congress at Moscow on July 13. The news of the mutiny has intensified the rebellion in the Caucasus.

THREAT TO SHELL TOWN.

Battleship Unable to Get Coal—Arrests at Odessa.

Theodosia, Crimea, July 5.—The mutineers of the Kriaz Potemkine to-day formally raised the standard of rebellion and issued the following declaration:

The crew of the Kriaz Potemkine notify the foreign powers that the decisive struggle has begun against the Russian government. We consider it to be our duty to declare that we guarantee the complete inviolability of foreign ships navigating the Black Sea, as well as the inviolability of foreign ports.

The Kriaz Potemkine arrived here this morning, and asked for coal, provisions and medical attendance. The mutineers demanded that the authorities of the town should guarantee their safety during the stay of the ship.

Summoned by the Kriaz Potemkine, representatives of the Town Council went on board the battleship, and were received in the admiral's cabin by the commission commanding her.

The commission demanded the delivery of five hundred tons of coal and provisions of various kinds within twenty-four hours, and threatened that in case of non-compliance, after due warning to the inhabitants, the town would be bombed.

The commission also proposed that the Mayor should transmit to the population a proclamation demanding the termination of the war, a convocation of zemstvos, etc.

Learning of these demands, many inhabitants fled from the town. The workmen insisted that the demands be granted.

A special meeting of the Municipal Council was called, and the members consented to deliver the provisions, but refused to comply with the demand for coal, for the reason that the town had none.

Sofia, July 5.—The Russian destroyer Stremelnly anchored off Varna, opposite Prince Ferdinand's palace, yesterday evening. The commander requested supplies, which were immediately granted. The destroyer soon sailed.

Odessa, July 5.—Sixty-seven of the mutineers from the Georgi Pobiedonosetz, including the ringleaders, were imprisoned to-day. It is expected all of them will be shot.

The city continued under martial law. Some of the regulations have been slightly relaxed. It is now possible to go to any part of the city or harbor without a military pass.

It was reported here to-day that the battleship Kriaz Potemkine had appeared off Akkerman, twenty-seven miles southwest of Odessa.

On July 3 a torpedo boat entered the harbor of Akkerman and demanded coal and provisions. The authorities refused to furnish them, whereupon the torpedo boat fired two shots and obtained all the supplies she required.

Sebastopol, July 5.—The Black Sea squadron, under Rear Admiral Krüger, returned here to-day from its second voyage to Odessa. The squadron included the battleship Georgi Pobiedonosetz.

Theodosia, formerly Kaffa, is a seaport of Russia on the southeast coast of the Crimea, seventy miles east of Simferopol. It has a wide and deep roadstead sheltered from all winds, except those from the east and east-southeast, with a good anchorage. It is connected by rail